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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/507,212	09/15/2004	Miki Murakami	257756US6PCT	1787
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314		EXAMINER		
		QAYYUM, ZESHAN		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3685	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/10/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/507,212	MURAKAMI ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	ZESHAN QAYYUM	3685		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08/13</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 9-13 is/are withdrawn 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the orecast.	r from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 09/15/2004, 01/23/2006.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite		

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

1. Claims 1-8 have been examined.

2. Claims 9-13 have been withdraw.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- Claims 3-6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. Claim 3 recites the limitations "the content move destination" and "the registered client" in line two and five respectively. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 5. Claim 4 recites the limitation "the client ID" in line four. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 6. Claim 8 recites the limitation "billing process mean" in line two. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 7. Claims 4-6 are directed to a system and method for using said system. For example, claims 4-6 recite content distribution system and method steps the content distribution system performs. It has been held that a claim that recites both an apparatus and method for using said apparatus is indefinite under section 112, paragraph 2, as such a claim does not sufficiently precise to provide

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competitors with an accurate determination of the 'mates and bounds' of protection involved. (*IPXL Holdings LLC v. Amazon.com Inc.*, 77 USPQ2d 1140 (CA FC 2005); *Ex parte Lyell*, 17 USPQ2d 1548).

8. Claim 8 is also rejected as it depend from claim 5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
 Abburi (US 7203966) in view of Hurst (US 7149545).
- 10. With respect to claim 1, Abburi discloses: registration means for registering each client of the user and acquiring customer-related information (See column 57, lines 65-67 and column 58, lines 1-6, 55-67) customer-related information management means for managing customer-related information (See column 58, lines 55-67 and column 59, lines 1-10) contents supply means for supplying contents to a client in compliance with a request from the client (See column 2, lines 51-67, column 3, lines 1-4) license supply means for supplying, in compliance with a request from a client, a license for contents acquired from said contents supply means to the client who has acquired the contents;(See column 2, lines 63-67 and column 3, lines 1-11). Abburi does not explicitly disclose: contents copy certificate supply means for supplying a contents copy certificate,

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which indicates a contents move from one client of the user to another is legal, to a move source client. Hurst discloses: contents copy certificate supply means for supplying a contents copy certificate, which indicates a contents move from one client of the user to another is legal, to a move source client (See column 8, lines 39-47). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to modify Abburi reference by adding transfer rights of Hurst. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the reference as described above in order to provide content security.

- 11. With respect to claim 2, Abburi in view of Hurst discloses all the limitations as described above. Hurts further discloses: wherein said contents copy certificate supply means generates a contents copy certificate that contains a license for a move destination client. (See column 8, lines 39-57).
- 12. With respect to claim 3, Abburi in view of Hurst discloses all the limitations as described above. With respect to wherein the contents move source client and the contents move destination client are registered with different license supply means so that each license supply means supplies its own public key to the registered client, and wherein said contents copy certificate supply means electronically signs the contents copy certificate with a secret key of a license supply means with which the contents move destination client is registered. This is functional language/intended use of content distribution system. However, it

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has been held while features of an apparatus may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims directed to an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function alone. (MPEP 2114; In re Swineheart, 169 USPQ 226; In re Schreiber, 44 USPQ2d 1429 (Fed. Cir. 1997)).

- With respect to claim 4, Abburi in view of Hurst discloses all the limitations as described above. With respect to "wherein said contents copy certificate supply means acquires a license ID concerning the contents to be moved and the client ID of a move destination client from said contents move source client, sends an inquiry to said customer-related information management means to verify that the move source client is legal, and that the move source client has already acquired a license for the contents to be moved, and further that the user owning the move source client actually owns the move destination client, and then supplies a contents copy certificate". This is functional language/intended use of contents copy certificate supply mean. However, it has been held while features of an apparatus may be recited either structurally or functionally, claims directed to an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function alone. (MPEP 2114; In re Swineheart, 169 USPQ 226; In re Schreiber, 44 USPQ2d 1429 (Fed. Cir. 1997)).
- 14. With respect to claim 5, Abburi in view of Hurst discloses all the limitations as described above. Abburi further discloses: wherein said customer-related

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information management means manages a table (See column 58, lines 55-67 and Fig 25) With respect to "defining the association between leaf IDs and client IDs, a table defining the association between client IDs and client public key certificates, a table defining the association between client IDs and user IDs, a table defining the association between contents IDs and license IDs, a table defining the association between user IDs and contents IDs of downloaded contents, a table defining the association between user IDs and license IDs of downloaded licenses, and a history of contents copy certificate issues" these are nonfunctional descriptive material. It is describing the data stored in the table. Therefore it has been held stored data will not distinguish the invention from the prior art in term of patentability. (In re Gulack, 217 USPQ 401 (Fed. Cir. 1983), In re Ngai, 70 USPQ2d (Fed. Cir. 2004), In re Lowry, 32 USPQ2d 1031 (Fed. Cir. 1994); MPEP 2106.01 II).

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15. With respect to claim 6, Abburi in view of Hurst discloses all the limitations as described above. Abburi further discloses: wherein said customer-related information management means updates the customer-related information each time said contents supply means supplies contents to a client and/or each time said license supply means supplies a license to a client. (See column 61, lines 7-24, 30-42 and column 62, lines 43-65).

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16. With respect to claim 7, Abburi in view of Hurst discloses all the limitations as described above. Abburi further discloses: further comprising billing process means for performing a billing process on a client in accordance with a license supply and/or a contents copy certificate supply to the client. (See column 21, lines 35-46 and column 22, lines 43-52).

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17. With respect to claim 8, Abburi in view of Hurst discloses all the limitations as described above. Abburi further discloses: the amount billed (i.e. fee) by said billing process means for a license supply ((See column 21, lines 35-46 and column 22, lines 43-52). Hurst discloses: the amount billed for a contents copy certificate (i.e. rights) supply (See column 5, lines 5-11 and 21-22). Further it would be a predictable result of a provider charging a user for license supply and content copy certificate supply to charge any amount for the content that the provider desired. (KSR International Co. v. Teleflex Inc., 82 USPQ2d 1385 (U.S. 2007)).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ZESHAN QAYYUM whose telephone number is (571)270-3323. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Calvin L. Hewitt can be reached on (571)272-6709. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Z. Q./ Examiner, Art Unit 3685

/Calvin L Hewitt II/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3685